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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF AXISCADES UK LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of AXIS CADES UK LIMITED ("the company"), Formerly known as Axis EU Europe Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.



We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March2017, its profit/loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, are not applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.



- e) the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules. 2014.
- on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2017, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2017, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014:
- i. the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
- ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts which there were any material foreseeable losses.

iii. there were no amounts which required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For Sadana & Co.

Chartered Accountants &

FRN 011616N

Jay frakash

(CA Jay Prakash Ojha)

Partner

Membership No. 542361

Date: 27-May-2016 Place: Bengaluru

Balance Sheet			
,	NOTE	As at 31 March 2017 GBP	As at 31 March 2016 GBP
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		GBF	GBF
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Share capital	2	575,476	575,476
Reserves and surplus	3	(444,884)	28,621
		130,592	604,097
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Short-term borrowings	5	110,000	· ·
Trade payables	6	171,411	375,400
Other current liabilities	7	85,009	137,582
Short-term Provisions	8		-
*		366,420	512,982
TOTAL		497,012	1,117,079
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	9	10,528	19,910
Deferred Tax Assets(net)	4		18,097
		10,528	38,007
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade receivables	11	329,074	812,760
Cash and cash equivalents	12	53,923	142,688
Short-term loans and advances	13	66,355	81,605
Other current assets	14	37,132	42,019
		486,484	1,079,072
TOTAL		497,012	1,117,079

Notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Sadana & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 011616N

(CA Jay Prakash Ojha)

Partner

Membership No.: 542361

Bengaluru 27-May-17 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **AXISCADES UK Limited**

Sreedhar Rao Ellentala

Director

S. Valmeekanathan Director

Bengaluru

Bengaluru

27-May-17

27-May-17



Statement of Profit and Loss

INCOME	NOTE	Year ended 31 March 2017 GBP	Year ended 31 March 2016
INCOME		GBP	GBP
Revenue from operations		1,796,126	2,665,947
Other Income		284	369
TOTAL		1,796,409	2,666,317
EXPENSES			
Employee benefits expense	15	1,452,482	1,782,977
Direct Project Expenses		466,036	690,310
Other expenses	16	323,271	290,100
TOTAL		2,241,789	2,763,387
EARNINGS/ (LOSS) BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (EBITDA)		(445,380)	(97,071)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	17	9,572	9.968
Finance costs	18	456	-
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		(455,408)	(107,039)
Tax expense - Current tax			
- Deferred tax (credit)/ charge		18,097	(14,172)
PROFIT/ (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		(473,505)	(92,867)
Earnings/ (Loss) per equity share:	19		
Basic and diluted		(0.82)	(0.16)
		(/	(5.10)

Notes 1 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Sadana & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 011616N

(CA Jay Prakash Ojha)

Partner

Membership No.: 542361

Bengaluru 27-May-17 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors AXISCADES UK Limited

Sreedhar Rao Ellentala

Director

S.Valmeekanathan Director

Bengaluru 27-May-17 Bengaluru 27-May-17

Cash Flow Statement

1 8	Year ended 31 March 2017 GBP	Year ended 31 March 2016 GBP
Cash flows from operating activities	GBP	GBP
Profit/ (Loss) before taxation	(455,408)	(107,039)
Adjustment for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	9,572	9,968
Operating profit before working capital changes	(445,380)	(97,071)
Decrease in trade receivables	483,686	(287,178)
Decrease/ (Increase) in loans and advances	15,250	(38,842)
Decrease in other current assets	4,887	(33,459)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Provisions	# W	(19)
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	(203,989)	236,705
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current liabilities	(52,573)	24,542
Cash generated from operations	(198,119)	(195,322)
Refund received/ (tax paid)		
Net cash generated from operating activities	(198,119)	(195,322)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	(190)	(20,514)
Net cash used in investing activities	(190)	(20,514)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Inter-corporate deposit received from related party	110,000	(#)
Interest paid	(456)	12
Net cash used in financing activities	109,544	
related transportation to a second contract to the second contract t		
Net (decrease)/ Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(88,765)	(215,836)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	142,688	358,524
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	53,923	142,688
		-

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Sadana & Co. Chartered Accountants

FRN: 011616N

(CA Jay Prakash Ojha)

Partner

Membership No.: 542361

Bengaluru 27-May-17 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors AXISCADES UK Limited

Sreedhar Rao Ellentala

Director

Bengaluru 27-May-17 S.Valmeekanathan

Director

Bengaluru 27-May-17

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP') and comply with the mandatory Accounting Standards ('AS') and other pronouncements as issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). The accounting policies applied by the Company are consistent with those used in the previous year unless otherwise stated.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which requires the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates used by management in the preparation of these financial statements include the estimates of the economic useful lives of the fixed assets, provisions for bad and doubtful debts and employee benefits. Any revision to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

(c) Revenue recognition

The Company derives its revenues primarily from engineering design services. Service income comprises of income from time-and-material and fixed-price contracts. Revenue from time-and-material contracts is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contracts with clients. Revenue from fixed-price contracts is recognised using the percentage of completion method, calculated as the proportion of the efforts incurred up to the reporting date to the estimated total efforts. Provisions for estimated losses on incomplete contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

Unbilled revenue represent costs incurred and revenue recognised on amounts to be billed in subsequent periods as per contractual terms. The related billings are made within the next operating cycle.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividend on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

(d) Fixed assets and depreciation/amortisation

i) Tangible

Fixed assets are carried at the cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of fixed assets comprises of its purchase price and other costs attributable to bringing such assets to its working condition for its intended use. Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as other non-current assets and the cost of fixed assets not ready for their intended use before such date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Expenditure on account of modification / alteration in fixed assets, which increases the future benefit from the existing asset beyond its previous assessed standard of performance, is capitalised.

ii) Intangible

Intangible asset comprises of software and is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

iii) Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on straight line method at rates based on the management's estimates of useful life, as follows:

Asset category	 		Depreciation Rate
Office equipment's			20.00%
Computers		*	33.33%
Furniture & fixtures			14.29%
Softwares			20.00% - 33.33%
Leasehold improvement			Period of lease

Depreciation/amortisation is charged on a proportionate basis for all the assets purchased and sold during the year. Fixed assets individually costing less than £100 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

(e) Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss. If at the Balance Sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost.

AXISCADES UK Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

(f) Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of the long-term investments.

(g) Finance costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of assets. Other borrowings cost are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

(h) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Differences arising out of foreign currency transactions settled during the year are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary items outstanding at the Balance Sheet date and denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the year. Differences arising there from are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

Investments in foreign companies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of making the respective investments.

(i) Employee benefits

Expenses and liabilities in respect of employee benefits are recorded in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 Employee Benefits.

Social security

The Company contributes to social security charges for its employees. The plans are defined contribution plan and contributions paid or payable is recognised as an expense in these periods in which the employee renders services.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

(j) Income taxes

Current tax

Provision is made for income tax under the tax payable method, based on the liability computed, after taking credit for allowances and exemptions. Net operating losses carryover in accordance with the tax laws which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustments of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax. Accordingly, it is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company and the asset can be measured reliably. Tax expenses comprise both current and deferred taxes.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets of earlier years are re-assessed and recognised to the extent that it has become reasonably certain that future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

(k) Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources. Disclosure is also made in respect of a present obligation that probably requires an outflow of resources, where it is not possible to make a reliable estimate of the related outflow. Where there is a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

(I) Leases

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(m) Earnings /(Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

	As at 31 March		As at 31 March 2016	
2 SHARE CAPITAL	Number	GBP	Number	GBP
Authorised				
1,000,000 (previous year 1,000,000) Equity shares of GBP 1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued share capital				
575,476 (previous year 575,476) Equity shares of GBP 1 each fully paid up	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476
Subscribed and paid up 575,476 (previous year 575,476) Equity shares of GBP 1 each fully paid	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476
	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476
a. Reconciliation of the equity share capital				
Balance at the beginning of the year	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476
Add : Issued during the year	* 3 **	=	100 TANK T	-
Balance at the end of the year	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476

b. Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of £ 1 per share. Each member of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company has not declared any dividends till date. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by Holding Company	As at 31 March		As at 31 March 2016	
	Number	GBP	Number	GBP
AXISCADES Inc.	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476
d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company				
AXISCADES Inc.	575,476	575,476	575,476	575,476
3 RESERVES AND SURPLUS			As at 31 March 2017 GBP	As at 31 March 2016 GBP
Securities premium account				
Balance as per the last financial statements Add: premium on Issue of equity shares			45,904 -	45,904
Closing Balance			45,904	45,904
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss				
Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Net profit/(loss) for the year			(17,284) (473,505)	75,584 (92,867)
Balance at the end of the year			(490,788)	(17,283)
Total reserves and surplus			(444,884)	28,621



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

			As at 31 March 2017 GBP	As at 31 March 2016 GBP
4 DEFERRED TAXES			OD!	ODI
Deferred tax liability				
Timing difference on depreciation and amortisation			=	-
Total				
Deferred tax asset				
Net operating losses				18,097
Total				18,097
Deferred tax asset, net				18,097
Note: Deferred tax asset has been recognised on net operarecognised on timing difference on depreciation and a	ating losses which are available amortisation.	for carry forward as per local lav	vs, to the extent of d	leferred tax liability
5 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS (Unsecured)			As at 31 March 2017 GBP	As at 31 March 2016 GBP
Loans from related party			110,000	÷
			110,000	
6 TRADE PAYABLES			As at 31 March 2017 GBP	As at 31 March 2016 GBP
Trade payables			171,411	375,400
			171,411	375,400
7 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Duties and taxes payable Dues to employees	*		81,176 3,833	137,582
A CHART TERM PROVICIONS			85,009	137,582
8 SHORT TERM PROVISIONS				
Provision for Income Tax				<u> </u>



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

9 TANGIBLE ASSETS

(Amount in GBP)

Constants	Computer and Design software	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements	Total
Gross block				0.00
Balance as at 1 April 2015 Additions during the year	96,907 17,264	22,924 3,207	5,276	125,107 20,471
Balance as at 31 March 2016	114,171	26,131	5,276	145,578
Additions / delition during the year	190	<u> </u>	-	190
Balance as at 31 March 2017	114,361	26,131	5,276	145,768
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as at 1 April 2015 Charge for the year	89,569 8,816	20,900 1,109	5,274	115,743 9,968
Balance as at 31 March 2016	98,385	22,009	5,274	125,668
Charge for the year	8,300	1,272		9,572
Balance as at 31 March 2017	106,685	23,281	5,274	135,240
Net Block				
Balance as at 31 March 2016	15,787	4,122	2	19,910
Balance as at 31 March 2017	7,676	2,850	2	10,528



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

			As at 31 March 2017 GBP	As at 31 March 2016 GBP
10 NON CURRENT INVESTMENT (Unquoted, valued at cost unless stated otherwise)	se)		051	ob!
Investments in equity instruments				
Trade				
Investments in Associated Companies			=	-
11 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Unsecured, considered good)			.0	
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from	the date they are due f	or collection		-
Other receivables	322		329,074	812,760
			329,074	812,760
12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Balances with bank in current account Cash on hand			52,661 1,244	5,481 1,244
Fixed deposit			18 53,923	135,964 142,688
13 LOANS AND ADVANCES (Unsecured, considered good)	As at 1 Mar		As aß1 Mai	rch 2016
9.	Long-term GBP	Short-term GBP	Long-term GBP	Short-term GBP
Security deposits	- OBF	8,250	- GBF	8,250
		8,250		8,250
Receivable from related party		45,289		44,938
Other loans and advances				
Prepaid expenses Other advances recoverable in cash and kind	=	6,024	-	27,958
Advance to employees		6,791	-	459
		12,816	-	28,417
		66,355		81,605
14 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS			As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
			GBP	GBP
Unbilled revenue			37,132	42,019
			37,132	42,019
DANA & C				



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd

	Year ended 31 March 2017 GBP	Year ended 31 March 2016 GBP
15 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		-
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,348,590	1,701,963
Directors' remuneration	75,061	68,442
Directors' social security	8,383	8,343
Contribution to social security	19,550	2,430
Staff welfare	898	1,799
	1,452,482	1,782,977
16 OTHER EXPENSES		
Software subscription oberess	26,826	24.002
Software subscription charges Legal and professional charges	16,331	34,983
Travelling and conveyance	104,353	12,852 82,827
Management fees	-	-
Rent	37,071	34,564
Recruitment and training expenses	17,068	7,905
Insurance expenses	23,476	19,675
Communication expenses	11,424	9,422
Repairs and maintenance	2 000	0.400
- Buildings - Others	2,880 10,113	2,483 11,984
Statutory Audit Fees	-	3,320
Provison for Debtors	-	3,320
Advertising expenses	52,993	41,323
Electricity charges	4,207	4,333
Rates and taxes	11,881	13,447
Administrative expenses	\ -	2 (
Printing and stationery	1,243	2,778
Processing fee and other bank charges	2,809	2,423
Miscellaneous expenses	596	5,782
	202.074	000.100
	323,271	290,100
17 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE		
Depreciation of tangible assets (Also, refer note 8)	9,572	9,968
	9,572	9,968
18 FINANCE COSTS		
Interest on other loans	456	-
	456	
19 EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE (EPS)		
a) Profit/ (loss) after tax attributable to equity shares (in GBP)	(473,505)	(92,867)
b) Weighted average number of shares outstanding	575,476	NORTH THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE
2 8 6		575,476
c) Basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per share (in GBP)	(0.82)	(0.16)

AXISCADES UK Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 (Cont'd)

20 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

i. Parties where control exists:

Nature of relationship Holding Company Name of party

The Company is a subsidiary of AXISCADES Inc. a subsidiary of AXISCADES Engineering Technologies Limited (ACETL, formerly Axis-IT&T Limited). ACETL is a subsidiary of Jupiter Capital Private Limited ('JCPL').

ii. Transactions with related parties

(Amount in GBP)

	Nature of Transaction	Holding company / Intermediate holding company		Total	
	8	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
a)	Direct Project Expenses AXISCADES Engineering Technologies Limited	86,916	263,996	86,916	263,996
d)	Reimbursement of expense AXISCADES Engineering Technologies Limited	14,000	10,000	14,000	10,000
e)	Reimbursement of expense cross charged	8e, 1			
	AXISCADES Engineering Technologies Limited	64,116	44,938	64,116	44,938
f)	Invoices on AXISCADES Engineering Technologies Limited	69,156	• •	69,156	-
g)	Intercorporate deposit received AXISCADES Canada Inc.	110,000	Э	110,000	-
h)	Interest on Intercorporate deposit AXISCADES Canada Inc.	456		456	-

