## Director's Report

#### To The Members

Your Directors are pleased to present their report on the business operations of the company for the period from 1st April 12 to 31st March 13 and subsequent events to date. While audit is not mandated in US for small enterprises, however Axis Inc. has got its accounts audited by Walker Chandiok & Co., Chartered Accountants, for the purpose of publishing the consolidated accounts of its parent company Axis IT&T in accordance with the statutory requirements in India.

## Financial Results for 4/1/2012-3/31/2013 (in US\$)

FY 2012-13	FY 2011-12
23,130,970	24,034,383
22,784,319	22,544,995
346,651	1,489,388
62,422	48,102
90,907	55,342
193,322	1,385,944
133,359	867,537
	23,130,970 22,784,319 346,651 62,422 90,907 193,322

## II. Business Activity

#### a. Present

Despite the continued challenging economic climate in US, we almost maintained our revenue compared to last financial year. The achievement was driven by our customer focused strategic approach & differentiated offerings in our Practice Engagement areas. We strengthened and expanded our global relationship with Caterpillar with increased participation in their NPI/CPI and Manufacturing Engineering initiatives, and, together with Axis IT&T, have continued to hold our position as their largest Global Engineering Services Supplier. We enhanced our services portfolio by involving in several programs from concept to finish.

## b. Future Challenges & Opportunities

While the growth of our Customer's market continues to be sluggish, with unfavorably low demands in the areas like mining, construction and cautious capital & discretionary spend, resulting in surplus inventory. However, we are seeing signs of recovery in several pockets of our interest in Europe, China, we will continue to build on our effective growth strategy with our existing customers while pursuing new ones. We would be intensifying our efforts to align and engage closely with all our clients to consolidate our footprint within their ecosystem across product groups,

strategic programs and locations. For new business pursuit & acquisition, we are confident that our investments towards domain and market engagement programs in Heavy Engineering would bear results in the coming quarters. In summary, we are poised for increased growth during 2013-14.

### III. Directors

The Directors of the company currently are as follows:

1. S. Ravi Narayanan

Director, Chairman & CEO

2. Rohit Chand 3. Suvra Basu Director

4. Kirit Manek

Director

5. Murali Krishna

Director, President, Secretary & Treasurer

Mr. Suvra Basu resigned from the position of President, Secretary & Treasurer w.e.f 1st April 2013 and Mr. Murali Krishna was appointed as the Director & President, Secretary & Treasurer w.e.f. 1st April 2013.

### IV. Officers

1. S. Ravi Narayanan

Director, Chairman & CEO

2. Murali Krishna

Director, President, Secretary & Treasurer

V. Subsidiary & Joint Ventures

Axis EU Ltd. is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which operates in the UK. The Annual Accounts and Director's Report of Axis EU, Ltd are attached.

fax naxayanan

Date: 29.05.2013

Financial Statements and Auditors' Report

AXIS Inc.

31 March 2013

# Walker, Chandiok & Co

"WINGS", First Floor 16/1, Cambridge Road Ulsoor, Bengaluru 560008

T +91 80 4243 0700 F +91 80 4126 1228 E BENGALURU@in.gt.com

## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Axis Inc.

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Axis Inc., ("the Company"), which comprise
the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2013, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for
the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements, that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



## Walker, Chandiok & Co

## Opinion

- 6. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:
  - i) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2013;
  - ii) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
  - iii) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

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Waller, Chandish & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 001076N

er Aashoesh Arjun Singh

Partner

Membership No.: 210122

New Delhi 30 May 2013

Balance Sheet				
		NOTE	As at	As at
			31 March 2013	31 March 2012
			USD	USD
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
Share capital		2	2,247,227	2,247,227
Reserves and surplus		3	1,069,123	935,764
			3,316,350	3,182,991
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred tax liabilities, net		4	40,752	
CURRENT LIABILITIES			4.050.047	
Short-term borrowings		5	1,853,247	2,226,078
Trade payables		6	404,007	1,646,304
Other current liabilities		7	297,110	480,149
TOTAL			2,554,364 5,911,466	4,352,531 7,535,522
TOTAL			5,511,400	7,555,522
ASSETS				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets		8	156,527	121,308
Intangible assets	1	9	55,103	3,125
Non-current investment	1	10	1,149,031	1,149,031
Long-term loans and advances		13	498,099	90,725
			1,858,760	1,364,189
CURRENT ASSETS				
Trade receivables		11	3,260,546	4,932,179
Cash and cash equivalents	1	12	13,099	421
Short-term loans and advances		13	258,318	145,994
Other current assets		14	520,743	1,092,739
			4,052,706	6,171,333
TOTAL			5,911,466	7,535,522

Notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

Wallu, Chandushak For Walker, Chandiok & Co

Charteged Accountants

per Aasheesh Arjun Singh

Partner

New Delhi 30 May 2013 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. Rayinarayanan

Director

Bengaluru 29 May 2013 Kirit Manek Director

SEASON SEEDS				
Statement	of	Profit	and	Loss

otatoment of Front and 2000		Year ended	Year ended
INCOME	NOTE	31 March 2013 USD	31 March 2012 USD
Revenue from operations		23,129,123	24,034,383
Other income	15	1,847	-
TOTAL		23,130,970	24,034,383
EXPENSES			
Employee benefits expense	16	16,528,506	15,702,413
Other expenses	17	1,997,592	2,347,680
Sub-contracting charges		4,258,221	4,494,902
TOTAL		22,784,319	22,544,995
EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (EBITDA)		346,651	1,489,388
Depreciation and amortisation expense	18	90,907	55,342
Finance costs	19	62,422	48,102
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		193,322	1,385,944
Tax expense			
- Current tax		19,211	518,407
- Deferred tax		40,752	
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		133,359	867,537
Earnings per equity share:	20		
Basic and diluted		6.76	43.98

Notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

Waller, Chandroh & Co

Chartered Accountants

per Aasheesh Arjun Singh

Partner

New Delhi 30 May 2013 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. Ravinarayanan Director

Bengaluru 29 May 2013 Kirit Manek Director

## Cash Flow Statement

Cash How Glatement			
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2013	31 March 2012
		USD	USD
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before taxation		193,322	1,385,944
Adjustment for :			
Depreciation and amortisation expense		90,907	55,342
Interest expense		62,422	48,102
Interest income		(1,847)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		344,804	1,489,388
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables		1,671,633	(1,791,916)
(Increase) in loans and advances		(112,324)	(137,327)
Decrease in other current assets		572,782	123,252
Decrease in trade payables		(1,246,014)	(1,320,818)
Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities		(78,673)	23,213
Cash generated from / (used in) operations		1,152,208	(1,614,208)
Taxes paid		(354,521)	(518,407)
Net cash generated from/ ( used in) operating activities		797,687	(2,132,615)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets		(178,104)	(105,762)
Loans given to related parties		(300,000)	-
Loans repaid by related parties		123,571	
Interest received		1,061	
Net cash used in investing activities	i	(353,472)	(105,762)
Cash flows from financing activities	1		
Proceeds / (repayments) from / of borrowings (net)		(372,831)	1,939,078
Interest paid		(58,706)	(48,102)
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		(431,537)	1,890,976
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	74	12,678	(347,401)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		421	347,822
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		13,099	421

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

BENGALURU

For Walker, Chandiok & Co

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

per Aasheesh Arjub Singh

Pertner

New Delhi 30 May 2013 S. Ravinarayanan Director

Bengaluru 29 May 2013 \_\_\_\_\_

Kirit Manek

Director

Axis Inc.

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013

## 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## (a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP') and comply with the mandatory Accounting Standards ('AS') and other pronouncements as issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). The accounting policies applied by the Company are consistent with those used in the previous year unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("USD") which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in USD, unless otherwise stated.

#### (b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which requires the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates used by management in the preparation of these financial statements include the estimates of the economic useful lives of the fixed assets, provisions for doubtful debts and employee benefits. Any revision to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

## (c) Revenue recognition

The Company derives its revenues primarily from engineering design services. Service income comprises of income from time-and-material and fixed-price contracts. Revenue from time-and-material contracts is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contracts with clients. Revenue from fixed-price contracts is recognised using the percentage of completion method, calculated as the proportion of the efforts incurred up to the reporting date to the estimated total efforts. Provisions for estimated losses on incomplete contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

Unbilled revenue represent costs incurred and revenue recognised on amounts to be billed in subsequent periods as per contractual terms. The related billings are made within the next operating cycle.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividend on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

### (d) Fixed assets and depreciation/amortisation

#### i) Tangible

Fixed assets are carried at the cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of fixed assets comprises of its purchase price and other costs attributable to bringing such assets to its working condition for its intended use. Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as other non-current assets and the cost of fixed assets not ready for their intended use before such date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Expenditure on account of modification / alteration in fixed assets, which increases the future benefit from the existing asset beyond its previous assessed standard of performance, is capitalised.

#### ii) Intangible

Intangible asset comprises of software and is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

### iii) Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on straight line method at rates based on the management's estimates of useful life, as follows:

 Asset category
 Depreciation Rate

 Computers
 33.33%

 Furniture and fixtures
 14.29%

 Office equipments
 20.00%

 Leasehold improvements
 Period of lease

 Softwares
 20.00% - 33.33%

Depreciation/amortisation is charged on a proportionate basis for all the assets purchased and sold during the year. Fixed assets individually costing less than \$ 100 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.



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## 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (e) Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If at the Balance Sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost.

#### (f) Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of the long-term investments.

### (g) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of assets. Other borrowings cost are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## (h) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Differences arising out of foreign currency transactions settled during the year are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary items outstanding at the Balance Sheet date and denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the year. Differences arising there from are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

Investments in foreign companies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of making the respective investments.

## (i) Employee benefits

Expenses and liabilities in respect of employee benefits are recorded in accordance with Accounting Standard 15 Employee Benefits.

#### Social security

The Company contributes to social security charges for its employees. The plans are defined contribution plan and contributions paid or payable is recognised as an expense in these periods in which the employee renders services.

## (j) Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources. Disclosure is also made in respect of a present obligation that probably requires an outflow of resources, where it is not possible to make a reliable estimate of the related outflow. Where there is a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.



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PRINCIPLE STATUTE

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (Cont'd)

### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (k) Income taxes

## Current tax

Provision is made for income tax under the tax payable method, based on the liability computed, after taking credit for allowances and exemptions. Net operating losses carryover in accordance with the tax laws which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustments of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax. Accordingly, it is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company and the asset can be measured reliably. Tax expenses comprise both current and deferred taxes.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effect of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/ virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets of earlier years are re-assessed and recognised to the extent that it has become reasonably certain that future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

## (I) Leases

## Operating leases

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Finance leases

Assets acquired on lease where the entity has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Such assets are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of fair value or the present value of minimum lease payments and a liability is created for an equivalent amount. Each lease rental paid is allocated between the liability and interest cost, so as to obtain a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability for each period. The resultant interest cost is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis.

### (m) Earnings /(Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### n) Segment reporting

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with those of the Company with the following additional policies for segment reporting:

- a) Revenues and expenses have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.
- b) Revenues and expenses, which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, have been included under "Unallocated corporate revenues and expenses".
- c) Assets and liabilities, which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, are shown as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities respectively.





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## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (Cont'd)

	As a	t	As a	t
	31 March	2013	31 March	2012
2 SHARE CAPITAL	Number	USD	Number	USD
Authorised				
Equity shares with no par value fully paid up	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
Issued share capital	***************************************			
Equity shares with no par value fully paid up	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
Subscribed and paid up				
Equity shares with no par value fully paid up	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
a. Reconciliation of the equity share capital				
Balance at the beginning of the year	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
Add : Issued during the year			-	
Balance at the end of the year	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227

b. Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a no par value. Each share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in US Dollars

The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by holding company	As a 31 March			at ch 2012
	Number	USD	Number	USD
Axis-IT&T Limited	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
<ul> <li>d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company</li> </ul>				
Axis-IT&T Limited	19,725	2,247,227	19,725	2,247,227
3 RESERVES AND SURPLUS			As at 31 March 2013 USD	As at 31 March 2012 USD
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss				
Balance at the beginning of the year Add : Net profit for the year			935,764 133,359	68,227 867,537
Balance at the end of the year			1,069,123	935,764



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## WHEN THE

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (Cont'd)

4 DEFERRED TAXES	As at 31 March 2013 USD	As at 31 March 2012 USD
4 DEPERRED TAXES		
Deferred tax assets		
Net operating losses	27,484	-
Total	27,484	
Deferred tax liabilities		
Timing difference on depreciation and amortisation	68,236	
Total	68,236	
Deferred tax liability, net	40,752	-

#### Note

Considering the existence of firm sales orders available from the customers, sufficient taxable income will be available in future against which such deferred tax assets will be fully realised. Deferred tax assets has been recognised on net operating losses which are available for carry forward as per local laws.

#### 5 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

(Secured)

Line of credit from banks 1,853,247 2,226,078

1,853,247 2,226,078

Line of credit facility is secured by tangible/intangible, current and non-current assets of the Company. The overdraft facility is repayable within one year from the date of availment and carries effective interest of LIBOR plus 2.50% p.a.

#### 6 TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables			404,007	1,646,304
			404,007	1,646,304
7 OTHER CURREN	T LIABILITIES			
Duties and taxes	payable		32,250	138,742
Dues to employee	is		228,966	317,389
Accrued expenses	5		35,894	22,798
Others	*		-	1,220
			297,110	480,149



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# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (Cont'd)

(Amount in USD)

8 TANGIBLE ASSETS				(	Amount in USD
	Computers	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipments	Leasehold improvements	Total
Gross block					
Balance as at 1 April 2011 Additions	89,913 79,919	8,947 9,271	534,827 2,522	8,634 14,050	642,321 105,762
Balance as at 31 March 2012	169,832	18,218	537,349	22,684	748,083
Additions	79,644	27,535	-		107,179
Balance as at 31 March 2013	249,476	45,753	537,349	22,684	855,262
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at 1 April 2011 Charge for the year	42,564 30,673	2,009 1,710	528,077 3,210	6,283 12,249	578,933 47,842
Balance as at 31 March 2012	73,237	3,719	531,287	18,532	626,775
Charge for the year	59,135	6,170	2,503	4,152	71,960
Balance as at 31 March 2013	132,372	9,889	533,790	22,684	698,735
Net Block	i i				
Balance as at 31 March 2012	96,595	14,499	6,062	4,152	121,308
Balance as at 31 March 2013	117,104	35,864	3,559	-	156,527

9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS		0.6	
Gross block		Softwares	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2011 Additions		490,774	490,774
Balance as at 31 March 2012		490,774	490,774
Additions		70,925	70,925
Balance as at 31 March 2013		561,699	561,699
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance as at 1 April 2011 Charge for the year		480,149 7,500	480,149 7,500
Balance as at 31 March 2012		487,649	487,649
Charge for the year		18,947	18,947
Balance as at 31 March 2013		506,596	506,596
Net Block			
Balance as at 31 March 2012 Balance as at 31 March 2013		3,125 55,103	3,125 55,103



8

			As at 31 March 2013 USD	As at 31 March 2012 USD
10 NON CURRENT INVESTMENT (Unquoted, valued at cost unless stated otherw	vise)			
Investments in equity instruments				
Trade				
In subsidiary - Axis EU Limited			1,149,031	1,149,03
575,476 (31 March 2012 - 575,476) equity shares	of GBP 1 each.		1,149,031	1,149,031
44 YDADE DEGENARI EG				
11 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Unsecured, considered good)				
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from	m the date they are due	for payment		-
Other receivables			3,260,546	4,932,179
			3,260,546	4,932,179
12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Balances with bank in current account			13,078	400
Cash on hand			21	2
	1		13,099	421
13 LOANS AND ADVANCES (Unsecured, considered good)	'			
	As at 31 Marc	ch 2013 Short-term	As at 31 M	arch 2012 Short-term
	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term	Short-term
Security deposits		330		205
		330		205
to a construction of the solution of the solut				
Loans and advances to related parties			E1000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Loans and advances to related parties  Loan to related party	267,155	-	90,725	
	267,155 267,155	<u>:</u>	90,725 90,725	:
Loan to related party  Other loans and advances	267,155	<del>-</del>		<u>:</u>
Other loans and advances Advance taxes		224 254		128 680
Other loans and advances Advance taxes Prepaid expenses	267,155	224,254		
Other loans and advances Advance taxes	267,155	224,254 33,734 257,988		128,680 17,109 145,789
Other loans and advances Advance taxes Prepaid expenses	267,155 230,944 -	33,734		17,109 145,789
Other loans and advances Advance taxes Prepaid expenses Recoverable from customer	267,155 230,944 - - 230,944	33,734 257,988	90,725	17,109 145,789
Other loans and advances Advance taxes Prepaid expenses Recoverable from customer	267,155 230,944 - - 230,944	33,734 257,988	90,725	145,789 145,994
Other loans and advances Advance taxes Prepaid expenses	267,155 230,944 - - 230,944	33,734 257,988	90,725	17,109 145,789



	Year ended Year ended 31 March 2013 31 March 2012 USD USD
15 OTHER INCOME	
Interest income	1,847
	1,847
16 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	
Salaries, wages and bonus	15,482,765 14,658,832
Contribution to social security	990,253 999,694
Staff welfare	55,488 43,887
	16,528,506 15,702,413
17 OTHER EXPENSES	
Equipment hire charges	455,645 437,679
Legal and professional charges	352,466 426,081
Travelling and conveyance	270,217 452,359
Management fees	233,562 362,118
Rent	218,014 177,332
Recruitment and training expenses	106,789 98,858
Insurance expenses	191,589 56,795
Communication expenses	66,531 58,252
Repairs and maintenance (buildings)	34,047 40,712
Advertising expenses	25,957 181,400
Electricity charges	19,381 15,708
Rates and taxes	2,010 14,752
Miscellaneous expenses	21,384 25,634
	1,997,592 2,347,680
18 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE	
Depreciation of tangible assets (Also, refer note 8)	71,960 47,842
Amortisation of intangible assets (Also, refer note 9)	18,947 7,500
	90,907 55,342
19 FINANCE COSTS	
Interest on loans from bank	52,656 27,074
Processing fee and other bank charges	9,766 21,028
	62,422 48,102
20 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)	
a) Profit after tax attributable to equity shares (in USD)	133,359 867,537
b) Weighted average number of shares outstanding	19,725 19,725
c) Basic and diluted earning per share (in USD)	6.76 43.98





#### 21 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

i. Parties where control exists:

Nature of relationship Holding Company Name of party

The Company is a subsidiary of Axis-IT&T Limited which is a subsidiary of Tayana Digital Private Limited (demerged from Tayana Software Solutions Private Limited) which is a subsidiary of Axis Aerospace & Technologies Limited. ('AATL', formerly known as Jupiter Strategic Technologies Private Limited'). AATL, a venture funded by Jupiter Capital Private Limited ('JCPL'), is a subsidiary of the JCPL.

Subsidiary Company

Axis EU Limited

ii. Name and relationship of related parties where transaction has taken place.

Fellow subsidiaries

Cades Digitech Private Limited Cades Technology Canada Inc.

iii. Key Management Personnel ('KMP'):

Name of KMP

Mr. S Ravinarayanan

Nature of relationship

Director

iv. Transactions with related parties

(Amount in USD)

	Nature of Transaction	Holding company / Intermediate holding company		Subsidiary/ fellow subsidiary		Total	
		31 March 2013	31 March 2012	31 March 2013	31 March 2012	31 March 2013	31 March 2012
a)	Advances given						
	Axis EU Limited		-	200,000	90,725	200,000	90,725
	Cades Technology Canada Inc	-	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
b)	Advances recovered						
	Axis EU Limited		-	23,571	24,900	23,571	24,900
	Cades Technology Canada Inc	-	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
C)	Travel expenses						
	Axis-IT&T Limited	34,173	87,281	-	-	34,173	87,281
	Axis EU Limited	-	-	-	25,147	-	25,147
	Cades Digitech Private Limited		-		75,521	-	75,521
d)	Consultancy charges						
	Axis-IT&T Limited	-	139,380	-	-	-	139,380
e)	Sub-contracting charges						
	Axis-IT&T Limited	4,258,221	4,494,902	-		4,258,221	4,494,902
f)	Management fees						
,	Axis Aerospace & Technologies Limited	233,562	362,118	-	-	233,562	362,118
g)	Interest Income						
	Axis EU Limited	.		786	.	786	
	Cades Technology Canada Inc		.	1,061	-	1,061	





#### 21 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

iv. Balances as at the year end

(Amount in USD)

	Nature of Transaction	Holding Company / Intermediate Holding Company		Subsidiary/ Fellow subsidiary		Total	
		31 March 2013	31 March 2012	31 March 2013	31 March 2012	31 March 2013	31 March 2012
a)	Other current liabilities						
	Axis-IT&T Limited	34,173	87,281	-	-	34,173	87,281
	Axis EU Limited	-	-		25,147	-	25,147
	Cades Digitech Private Limited	-	-	- 1	75,521	-	75,521
	Axis Aerospace & Technologies Limited	-	35,982	- 1	-	-	35,982
b)	Trade payables						
	Axis-IT&T Limited	243,652	978,534	- 1		243,652	978,534
b)	Other current assets						
	Advance given	1 1	1				
	Axis EU Limited	1 - 1	-	267,155	90,725	267,155	90,725
	Interest receivable						
	Axis EU Limited	- 1	-	786		786	2.0

#### 22 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has only one business segment, Engineering design services and earns the revenue primarily from sources within United States of America (USA). Accordingly, primary and secondary reporting disclosures for business and geographical segment as envisaged in Accounting Standard -17 (Segment reporting) are not applicable to the Company.

#### 23 PREVIOUS YEAR FIGURES

Previous year figures have been regrouped or reclassified wherever considered necessary to conform to current year classification.

) (MM, Chaudwh 46, For Walker, Chandiok & Co

BENGALURU

Chartage Assessment

Chartered Accountants

per Aasheesh Arjun Singh Partner

New Delhi 30 May 2013 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. Ravinarayanan Director

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Bengaluru 29 May 2013 Kirit-Manek Director